

Megoldások – Nyelvismeret

1.

1	We have never had such bad results before. (first) This is the first time we have had such bad results.
2	"Why do you always forget to settle the invoices on time?" (asked) My boss asked me why I always forgot to settle the invoices on time.
3	They gave him the sack because his work was so poor. (was) He was given the sack because his work was so poor.
4	I took the letter to the PA and asked her to copy it for me. (had) I took the letter to the PA and had her copy it for me./had it copied for me
5	Peter is not old enough to take over his father's company. (too) Mr Jones' son is too young to take over his father's company.
6	"You have forged the cheque!" my boss told me. (accused) My boss accused me of forging the cheque. (..that I had forged / having forged..)
7	If we don't ship the goods by next week, we will have to pay penalty. (unless) We'll have to pay penalty unless we ship the goods by next week.
8	Our sales figures are not as good as they were last year. (than) Our sales figures are worse than they were last year.
9	I think you should hand in your notice in this situation. (better) You had better hand in your notice in this situation.
10	Cooking the books these days is quite common. (cook) It is quite common to cook the books these days.

Max. 10 x 1 = 10 pont

2.

0	to
1	on
2	in
3	to
4	like
5	who / that
6	his
7	be
8	which
9	in
10	the

Max. 10 x 0,5 = 5 pont

3.

1	research
2	consumers
3	profitable
4	products
5	transaction
6	competitors
7	strategies
8	volumes
9	increase
10	quality

Max. 10 x 0,5 = 5 pont

Megoldás – Olvasott szöveg értése

	Answer
1.	B
2.	D
3.	E
4.	A
5.	C

Max. 5 x 2 = 10 pont**Megoldás – Közvetítés**

1.	tisztított szén / folyékony földgáz terminálok / a torlódások enyhítését célzó új vezetékek / környezetszennyezés mentes nukleáris energia <i>(bármely kettő)</i>
2.	hogyan kezeljék az energia biztonságot / elégítsék ki a keresletet / tartsák fenn a gazdasági növekedést <i>(bármely kettő)</i>
3.	Fiatal magyar kutatókat küld(ene) az USA-ba alternatív energiaforrások kutatása céljából.
4.	Ez csak PR-fogás az USA részéről.
5.	A KKE országok közös energia stratégiát dolgoztak ki.
6.	Hogy nem javasol konkrét intézkedéseket az alternatív technológia fejlesztésére.
7.	Magyarország lehetne Európa egyik gáz elosztó központja.
8.	Óvatosságra intettek a nukleáris energiával kapcsolatban.
9.	a) a legújabb technológiát kell használni b) be kell tartani a szabályokat/előírásokat
10.	nincs 100%-ig biztonságos atomerőmű nincs megoldva a radioaktív hulladék kezelése nincs megoldva a tárolás és a nukleáris technika hadi célokra való alkalmazásával kapcsolatos felelősség kérdése <i>(bármely kettő)</i>

Max. 10 x 3 = 30 pont

Megoldások – Íráskészség 1

The chart below gives us a clear picture about the economic differences between Japan and Hungary. The vertical axis shows the percentage of GDP spent on R&D, while the horizontal one shows the time period between 1990-2001.

Japan spent a relatively larger part of its GDP on R&D during the examined period as this ratio was about 2.75% in 1990. Meanwhile it was almost 0.7% in Hungary. The ratio did not change to a great extent since there was not a considerable growth until 1996 when the ratio went up to 0.9%, then it suddenly plummeted to 0.6% in 1997. There was a bigger rise between 1999-2001, and the ratio peaked at approximately 1%. Comparing Japan to Hungary, it is evident that one of the most powerful economies of the world could afford to spend more on R&D than Hungary. The ratio in Japan never fell under 2.5%, however, there was a slight decline between 1992-1994, when the ratio was about 2.5%. There was a continuous advance between 1996-2001 and by the end of the examined period Japan had spent 3% of its GDP on R&D.

The reasons for the remarkable differences are numerous, for example the technological development of Japan is much more advanced than that of Hungary. Though Japan also suffered from the impact of WW II, they realized the importance of research and development in time as it was one of the key issues of economic prosperity. On the other hand, Hungary used to be a communist country, therefore R&D had little importance in the economy. Since the change of regime in 1989, Hungary has been trying to fall in line with the most developed countries but there is hardly any chance of investing more money in R&D.

Last but not least the effect of R&D on every sector of the economy is worth mentioning. The more a country spends on research and development, the more education, healthcare, tourism and agriculture can benefit from it in the long run.

As a conclusion I would say that not only Hungary but all the other countries in the world should devote as large a part of the GDP to R&D as possible in order to catch up with the most developed countries.

Megoldások – Íráskészség 2

Suntan Sunglasses Ltd
7 Lower Road
Crawley
West Sussex
RH11 7SX

Mr P. Saville
Chemist
Saville's Chemists
1 Park Road
Cambridge
CB4 3AD

14 May, 2006

Dear Mr Saville,

Your order No. B 45/82

Thank you for the letter that we received on 6 May, in which you complained about the shipment of sunglasses.

First of all, let me apologize to you for the mistake our company has made in connection with your order. Secondly, I would like to explain why we have not delivered the ordered goods to you yet. Firstly, there had been a strike in our warehouse for 2 months so we were not able to meet any of our clients' requirements. Then, there was a power failure at our company some weeks ago, therefore all computers broke down and it took many days to have them repaired.

Fortunately, we have been operating with full capacity since then so we are now trying to satisfy our customers' demands. I promise to deliver the consignment of sunglasses by 18 May the latest. Our company would like to give 20 % discount from the price of your next order, moreover, we can also offer a free delivery in order to compensate you.

Once again, I wish to apologize for the inconveniences caused to you.

I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Yours sincerely,

George Smith
Sales Manager